3rd Semester Syllabus for Courses in Mathematics. St. Xavier's College –Autonomous, Mumbai (Revised in March-2017)



St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For 3rd Semester Courses in

Mathematics (June 2017 onwards)

Contents:

- Theory Syllabus for Courses: S.MAT.3.01 – CALCULUS – III S.MAT.3.02 – ALGEBRA – III S.MAT.3.03 – FINITE MATHEMATICS
- Practical Course Syllabus for : S.MAT.3.PR
- Evaluation

S.Y.B.Sc. – Mathematics

Title: CALCULUS – III

Learning Objectives: To learn about (i) Riemann Integration

(ii) Improper integrals, β and Γ functions

(iii) Different coordinate systems, Sketching in R^2 and R^3 , double integrals and its applications

Number of lectures : 45

Unit I: Riemann Integration

Approximation of area, Upper / Lower Riemann sums and properties, Upper / Lower integrals, Definition of Riemann integral on a closed and bounded interval, Criterion for Riemann

integrability, For a < c < b, $f \in R[a, b]$ if and only if $f \in R[a, c]$ and $f \in R[c, b]$ with $\int_{a}^{b} f = c$

 $\int_{a}^{c} f + \int_{c}^{b} f \cdot \underline{Properties}; f, g \in R[a, b] \text{ then } \lambda f \in R[a, b] \text{ and } f+g \in R[a, b] \text{ with}$ $\int_{a}^{b} \lambda f = \lambda \int_{a}^{b} f \text{ and } \int_{a}^{b} f + g = \int_{a}^{b} f + \int_{a}^{b} g \text{ and}; f \in R[a, b] \quad |f| \in R[a, b]; \quad |\int_{a}^{b} f| \le \int_{a}^{b} |f|;$ $f \ge 0 \int_{a}^{b} f \ge 0; \quad f \in C[a, b] \quad f \in R[a, b]; \quad \text{if } f \text{ is bounded with finite number of}$ discontinuities then $f \in R[a, b]; \quad \text{generalize this if } f \text{ is monotone then } f \in R[a, b].$

Unit II: Indefinite and improper integrals

Continuity of $F(x) = \int_{a}^{x} f(t)dt$ where $f \in R[a, b]$, Fundamental theorem of calculus, Mean value theorem, Integration by parts, Leibnitz rule, Improper integrals – type 1 and type 2, Absolute convergence of improper integrals, Comparison tests, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests (without proof); β and Γ functions with their properties, relationship between β and Γ functions.

Unit III: Applications

Topics from analytic geometry – sketching of regions in R² and R³, graph of a function, level sets, Cylinders and Quadric surfaces, Cartesian coordinates, Polar coordinates, Spherical coordinates, Cylindrical coordinates and conversions from one coordinate system to another. (a) Double integrals: Definition of double integrals over rectangles, properties, doubleintegrals

Course Code: S.MAT.3.01

(15 Lectures)

(15 Lectures)

(15 Lectures)

over a bounded region.

- (b) Fubini's theorem (without proof) iterated integrals, double integrals as volume.
- (c) Application of double integrals: average value, area, moment, center of mass.
- (d) Double integral in polar form.

(Reference for Unit III: Sections 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.5 from Marsden-Tromba-Weinstein).

References:

- 1. Goldberg, Richard R.: Methods of real analysis. (2nd ed.) New York. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1976. 0-471-31065-4--(515.8GOL)
- Goldberg, Richard R.: Methods of real analysis. (1st ed. Indian Reprint) New Delhi. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., 1964(1975).--(515.8GOL)
- 3. Kumar, Ajit & Kumaresan, S.: A basic course in real analysis. (Indian reprint)
- 4. Boca Raton. CRC Press, 2015. 978-1-4822-1637-0--(515.8Kum/Kum)
- Apostol, Tom M.: Calculus, Vol.-II. [Multi-variable calculus and linear algebra, with applications to differential equations and probability] (2nd ed.) New York. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1969. 0-471-00008-6--(515.14APO)
- 6. Stewart, James: Multivariable calculus:concepts & contexts. Pacific Grove.Brooks/Cole Publishing Company, 1998. 0-534-35509-9--(515STE)
- Marsden, Jerrold E.; Tromba, Anthony J. & Weinstein, Alan: Basic multivariablecalculus. (Indian reprint) New Delhi. Springer (India) Private Limited, 1993(2004). 81-8128-186-1--(515.84MAR)
- 8. Robert G. & Sherbert, Donald R.: Introduction to real analysis. (3rd ed.) New Delhi. Wiley India (P) Ltd, 2005(2007). 81-265-1109-5--(515.8Bar/She)

Suggested Tutorials:

- 1. Calculation of upper sum, lower sum and Riemann integral.
- 2. Problems on properties of Riemann integral.
- 3. Problems on fundamental theorem of calculus, mean value theorems, integration by parts, Leibnitz rule.
- 4. Convergence of improper integrals, applications of comparison tests, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests.
- 5. Sketching of regions in R^2 and R^3 , graph of a function, level sets, Cylinders and Quadric surfaces, conversions from one coordinate system to another.

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6. Double integrals, iterated integrals, applications to compute average value, area, moment, center of mass.

S.Y.B.Sc. – Mathematics

Title: ALGEBRA - III

Learning Objectives: (i) To understand linear maps and isomorphism between vector spaces

- (ii) To study determinant function via permutations and its Laplace expansion, Inverse of a matrix by adjoint method, Cramer's rule,
- (iii) To study Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process in an inner product space.

Number of lectures : 45

Unit I: Linear Transformations and Matrices

(15 Lectures)

Course Code: S.MAT.3.02

- 1. Review of linear transformations and matrix associated with a linear transformation: Kernel and image of a linear transformation, Rank– Nullity theorem (with proof), Linear isomorphisms and its inverse. Matrix of sum, scalar multiple, composite and inverse of Linear transformations. Any n–dimensional real vector space is isomorphic to Rⁿ, Sum and scalar multiple of a linear transformation, spaceL(U,V) of Linear transformation from U to V where U and V are finite dimensional vector spaces over R, the dual space V*, linear functional, linear operator.
- 2. Elementary row operations, elementary matrices, elementary matrices are invertible and an invertible matrix is a product of elementary matrices.
- 3. Row space, column space of an $m \times n$ matrix, row rank and column rank of a matrix, Equivalence of the row and the column rank, Invariance of rank upon elementary row or column operations.
- 4. Equivalence of rank of an m× n matrix and rank of the linear transformation L_A: Rⁿ → R^m L_A(X) = AX where A is an m× n matrix. The dimension of solution space of the system of linear equation AX = O equals n-rank(A).
- 5. The solutions of non homogeneous systems of linear equations represented by AX = B, Existence of a solution when rank(A)= rank(A, B). The general solution of the system is the sum of a particular solution of the system and the solution of the associated homogeneous

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system.

Unit II: Determinants

1. Definition of determinant as an n-linear skew-symmetric function from $R^{n \times} R^{n \times} \dots \times R^{n \rightarrow} R$ such that determinant of (E^1, E^2, \dots, E^n) is 1 where E^j denotes the jth column of the identity matrix I_n . Determinant of a matrix as determinant of its column vectors (or row vectors).

- 2. Existence and uniqueness of determinant function via permutations, Computation of determinant of 2×2 , 3×3 matrices, diagonal matrices, Basic results on determinants such as det(A)=det(A^t), det(AB) = det(A) det(B). Laplace expansion of a determinant, Vandermonde determinant, determinant of upper triangular and lower triangular matrices, finding determinants by row reduction method.
- 3. Linear dependence and independence of vectors in \mathbb{R}^n using determinants. The existence and uniqueness of the system AX = B where A is an $n \times n$ matrix with det(A) $\neq 0$. Cofactors and minors, Adjoint of an $n \times n$ matrix. Basic results such as A (adj A) = det(A) I_n. An $n \times n$ real matrix is invertible if and only if det(A) $\neq 0$. Inverse (if exists) of a square matrix by adjoint method, Cramer's rule.
- 4. Determinant as area and volume.

Unit III: Inner Product Spaces

(15 Lectures)

- 1. Dot product in Rⁿ, Definition of general inner product on a vector space over R. Examples of inner product including the inner product $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(t)g(t) dt$ on $C[-\pi, \pi]$, the space of continuous real valued functions on $[-\pi, \pi]$.
- 2. Norm of a vector in an inner product space. Cauchy–Schwarz inequality, Triangle inequality, Orthogonality of vectors, Pythagoras's theorem and geometric applications in R², Projections on a line, The projection being the closest approximation, Orthogonal complements of a subspace, Orthogonal complements in R² and R³. Orthogonal sets and orthonormal sets in an inner product space, Orthogonal and orthonormal bases, Gram–Schmidt orthogonalization process, Simple examples in R², R³, R⁴.

References:

1. Lang, Serge: Introduction to linear algebra. (2nd ed. 3rd Indian reprint) New Delhi. Springer (India) Private Limited, 2005(2009). 81-8128-260-6--(512.5Lan)

(15 Lectures)

- 2. Kumaresan, S.: Linear algebra : a geometric approach. New Delhi. Prentice-Hall Of India Private Limited, 2001. 81-203-1628-2--(512.5KUM)
- 3. Krishnamurthy, V.; Mainra, V.P. & Arora, J.L: Introduction to linear algebra. New Delhi.Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., 1976. 81-85095-15-9--(512.5KRI)

4. Lay, David C.: Linear algebra and its applications. (3rd ed.) Noida. Pearson Education Inc., 2016. 978-81-775-8333-5--(512.5Lay)

5. Artin, Michael: Algebra. (2nd ed. Indian Reprint) New Delhi. Prentice-Hall Of India Private Limited, 1994. 81-203-0871-9--(512ART)

- 6. Hoffman, Kenneth and Kunze, Ray: Linear algebra. (2nd ed.) Noida. Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd, 2015. 978-93-325-5007-0--(512.5Hof)
- 7. Strang, Gilbert: Linear algebra and its applications. (3rd ed.) Fort Worth. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich College Publishers, 1988. 0-15-551005-3--(512.5STR)

8. Smith, Larry: Linear algebra. (3rd ed.) New York. Springer-Verlag, 1978.0-387-98455-0-- (512.5SMI)

9. Rao, Ramachandra A. and Bhimasankaran, P.: Linear Algebra. New Delhi. Tata Mcgraw- Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1992. 0-07-460476-7--(512.5RAO)

- 10. Banchoff, Thomas & Wermer, John: Linear algebra through geometry. (2nd ed.) New York. Springer-Verlag, 1984. 0-387-97586-1--(512.5BAN/WER)
- 11. Axler, Sheldon: Linear algebra done right. (2nd ed.) New Delhi. Springer (India) Private Limited, 2010. 81-8489-532-2--(512.5Axl)

12. Janich, Klaus: Linear algebra.New Delhi. Springer (India) Private Limited, 1994. 978-81-8128-187-6--(512.5Jan)

- 13. Bretscher, Otto: Linear algebra with applications.(3rd ed.) New Delhi. Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2008. 81-317-1441-6--(512.5Bre)
- 14. Williams, Gareth: Linear algebra. New Delhi. Narosa Publishing House, 2009. 81-7319-981-3--(512.9Wil)

Suggested Tutorials:

- 1. Rank–Nullity Theorem.
- 2. System of linear equations.

- 3. Calculating determinants of matrices, diagonal and upper / lower triangular matrices using definition, Laplace expansion and row reduction method, Linear dependence / independence of vectors by determinant concept.
- 4. Finding inverses of square matrices using adjoint method, Examples on Cramer's rule.
- 5. Examples of Inner product spaces, Orthogonal complements in \mathbb{R}^2 and \mathbb{R}^3 .
- 6. Examples on Gram-Schmidt process in R², R³, R⁴.

S.Y.B.Sc. – Mathematics

Course Code: S.MAT.3.03

Title: FINITE MATHEMATICS

Learning Objectives: To learn about (i) Advanced counting

(ii) Permutation and Recurrence Relation

- (iii) Introductory Graph theory.
- (iv) Introduction to probability measure

Number of lectures : 45

Unit I: Counting

(15 Lectures)

- 1. Finite and infinite sets, Countable and uncountable sets, examples such as $N, Z, N \times N, Q, (0, 1), R$.
- 2. Addition and multiplication principle, Counting sets of pairs, two ways counting.
- 3. Stirling numbers of second kind, Simple recursion formulae satisfied by S(n,k) and direct formulae for S(n,k) for $k = 1, 2, \dots, n$.
- 4. Pigeon hole principle and its strong form, its applications to geometry, monotonic sequences.
- 5. Binomial and Multinomial Theorem, Pascal identity, examples of standard identities
- 6. Permutation and combination of sets and multi-sets, circular permutations, emphasis on solving problems.
- 7. Non-negative and positive integral solutions of equation $x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_k = n$.
- 8. Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, its applications, derangements, explicit formula for d_n , various identities involving d_n , deriving formula for Euler's phi function $\varphi(n)$.
- 9. Permutation of objects, s_n composition of permutations, results such as every permutation is product of disjoint cycles; every cycle is product of transpositions, even and odd permutations, rank and signature of permutation, cardinality of S_n , A_n .

10. Recurrence relation, definition of homogeneous, non-homogeneous, linear and non-linear recurrence relation, obtaining recurrence relation in counting problems, solving (homogeneous as well as non-homogeneous) recurrence relation by using iterative method, solving a homogeneous recurrence relation of second degree using algebraic method proving the necessary result.

Unit II: Graph Theory

(15 Lectures)

- 1. Definition, examples and basic properties of graphs, pseudographs, complete graphs, bipartite graphs.
- 2. Isomorphism of graphs, paths and circuits, Eulerian circuits, Hamiltonian cycles, The adjacency matrix, weighted graph.
- 3. Travelling salesman's problem, shortest path, Floyd-Warshall algorithm, Dijkstra's algorithm.

Unit III: Probability Theory

(15 Lectures)

- 1. Finitely Additive Probability Measure.
- 2. Sigma Fields.
- 3. Discrete Random Variables.
- 4. Joint Distribution of Random Variables as a Probability Measure.
- 5. Expectation and Variance of Discrete Random Variables.
- 6. Conditional Expectation.
- 7. Chebyshev's Inequality, Weak Law of Large Numbers and Central Limit Theorem.

Recommended books:

- 1. Biggs, Norman L.: Discrete mathematics. (Revised ed.) Oxford. Oxford University Press, 1993. 0-19-853427-2--(510BIG)
- 2. Brualdi, Richard A.: Introductory combinatorics. (3rd Ed.) Upper Saddle River. Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1999. 0-13-181488-5--(511.6BRU)
- 3. Goodaire, Edgar and Michael Parmenter, Michael: Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory, Pearson.(3rd ed.)
- 4. Rosen, Kenneth H.: Discrete mathematics and its applications. (5th ed.) New Delhi. Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2003. 0-07-242434-6--(511ROS)

5. Marek Capinski and Tomasz Zastawniak : Probability through Problems, Springer.

Reference Books:

- 1. Krishnamurthy, V.: Combinatorics: Theory and applications. New Delhi. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., 1985. 81-85336-02-4--(510KRI)
- 2. Rosen, Kenneth H.: Discrete mathematics and its applications. (5th ed.) New Delhi. Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2003. 0-07-242434-6--(511ROS)
- Lipschutz, Seymour & Lipson, Marc Lars: Theory and problems of discrete mathematics. (2nd ed. Indian reprint) New Delhi. Tata Mcgraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1997(1999). 0-07-463710-X--(512LIP/LIP)
- 4. Allen Tucker, Allen: Applied Combinatorics, (6th ed.), John Wiley and Sons.
- Grimaldi, Ralph P.: Discrete and combinatorial mathematics : an applied introduction. (3rd ed.) Reading. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1994. 0-201-54983-2--(510GRI)
- 6. Rosen, Kenneth H.: Discrete mathematics and its applications with combinatorics and graph theory. (7th ed.) New Delhi. McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd., 2011(2015). 978-0-07-068188-0--(511Ros)

PRACTICALS:

Course Code :S.MAT.3.PR

FINITE MATHEMATICS

- 1. Problems based on counting principles, Two way counting.
- 2. Stirling numbers of second kind, Pigeon hole principle.
- 3. Multinomial theorem, identities, permutation and combination of multi-set.
- 4. Inclusion-Exclusion principle, Euler phi function.
- 5. Derangement and rank signature of permutation, Recurrence relation
- 6. Drawing a graph, checking if a degree sequence is graphical. Representing a given graph by an adjacency matrix and drawing a graph having given matrix as adjacency matrix.
- 7. Problems on Discrete random variables, expectation and variance.

8. Problems Based on Chebyshev's Inequality, Weak Law of Large Numbers and Central Limit Theorem.

EVALUATION:-

CIA- I: 20 marks, 45 mins. Unit I: Objectives/Short questions, not more than 5 marks each

CIA- II : 20 marks, 45 mins. Unit II: Short questions/Presentation/Assignment, not more than 5 marks each

End Semester Exam – 60 marks, 2 hours OR Additional Exam – 100 marks, 3 hours
